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Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

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M. F. CONLEY Publisher.

CURRENT TOPICS.

ANTRACITE coal is going out of reach as a fuel.
RATTENBARK oil is quoted at \$1 to \$2 a barrel.
There are over 15,000 Italians in New York City.
KANSAS mines annually about 6,000,000 tons of coal.
HENRY IV's smoked cigarettes. So did Ferdinand Ward.
The car builders are everywhere having a busy time of it.
NEW ORLEANS has been abandoned as a recruiting station.
"Buckram" to every two cars is the Massachusetts law.
At Macon, Ga., large railroad machine shops are to be built.
At Bar Harbor turns out to sea De Witt Talmage swim.
LANS-PAINTER collars are the latest society frock in Boston.
JAY GOULD has bought a gold-plated rattle for his grandson.
CONKOR is the name of a new town in southwestern Kansas.
This season's oyster crop promises to be the best for many years.
The first state fair ever held in Ohio was at Cincinnati in 1850.
A statue of Ethan Allen is spoken of to be placed at Ticonderoga.
In Chicago Miss Halter and Mr. Hope were married by Rev. Knott.
JUDGE HILTON wants a weed on his hat for the late Mrs. A. T. Stewart.
Miss CEMINIX and Miss Goings run a photograph gallery at Buffalo, N. Y.
OLIVIA CORN, an Athens (Ga.) belle of twenty, has declined thirty proposals.
UNCLE SAM's colored infantry regiments are so full that recruits are not wanted.
LATEST reports give the United States 7,000,000 bushels of wheat in the world.
LONE ISLAND is in the shape of a fish. It is 115 miles long and twelve miles wide.
A class jar of pears, "canned" forty years ago, is shown at Buchananville, Pa.
An enormous oil-field has been discovered in Venezuela, near Lake Maracaibo.
Tats for this year 230 persons have been killed in railroad accidents and 600 injured.
In France spouting, asbestos wells have been successfully used to turn turbine wheels.
GENERAL ALBERT PIERRE is very fond of birds, and has in his private domain of them in cages.
A NEW YORK electric light company is now furnishing lights at twenty-five cents each per night.
ELECTRICITY under favorable circumstances has been found to travel 200,000 miles per second.
REYNOLDS has sent his father, Samuel Elder, of Port Grafton, Mich., on a tour around the world.
LOTTA L. BURLINGAME of Ann Arbor has been admitted to practice law, by Illinois Supreme Court.
A COUPLE, who have been engaged for thirty-five years, were married in Albany, N. Y., a few days ago.
CHICAGO is threatened with an anthracite coal famine. Dealers say they can get neither cars nor boats.
LAST year about one-fifth of the cotton seed was made late oil, giving 30,000,000 gallons, worth \$10,000,000.
THERE has been an increase of \$10,000,000 in the supply of gold in this country during the past seventeen months.
CAPTAIN BEN RICHMOND, of New York, who owns George Washington's coach, wears whiskers that sweep the ground.
TOLUAK, Cal., is overrun with huge black snakes, whose poisonous bite has put scores of men and women into sick beds.
ROCK OF CORALINE earns \$200,000 a year and pays \$150 a month for his lodgings.
HE cheats of smokers, twenty-five-cent cigars.
TWO men vaded the Mississippi four miles above Quincy one day, recently, and the deepest water they found was five feet.
ALTHOUGH you have to pay cash when you send a telegraphic message, yet the whole telegraphic business is done on tick.
A TROOP COMPANY (Pa.) farmer, committed suicide because his wife wouldn't get up at five o'clock in the morning to get his breakfast.
THE officials of Boston have posted notices in all the official buildings of that city forbidding the chewing of tobacco by the pupils.
THE NEW YORK courts have decided that organ grinders' monkeys are "insalubrious" animals, and must not be allowed on the streets.
A TROOP was a stormy morning, for the most part, on the Atlantic. Homeward bound passengers from Europe had a rough time.
A BANKRUPT sale of dry goods in Pittsburgh brought out such a crowd of women that a baby carried by one of them was smothered to death in the jam.
JAY GOULD, Cyrus W. Field, Sidney Dillon, Russell Sage and Alonzo B. Cornell often lunch together in the Western Union building, New York, at the company's expense. They represent \$300,000,000.
ROBERT J. PINTHAUD, self-styled nephew of Wilbur F. Storey, and contestant of his will, is in New York working at his trade as a printer. His suit is for \$4,000,000, and he claims to have refused \$50,000 in compromise.
A FRENCH woman at Niagara Falls insisted, in spite of the objections of attendants, on taking her three-month-old child through the Cave of the Winds. When she came out the child was dead, having been suffocated by the spray.
As a check to diphtheria and scarlet fever among the children of St. Louis, the board of health has ordered citizens sent to all school teachers forbidding the attendance of all pupils affected with, or in any manner exposed to either disease. Proper warnings will also be sent to parents whose families either malady exists.
The village of Highland, N. Y., boasts of a citizen who is blind and deaf but who has such a powerful voice that he imitates a thunder-storm with realistic effect.
MINISTERS are so scarce in Idaho that they have to be imported in many cases where people wish to get married. Trains are stopped that they may be searched for ministers.

TWO WILD MEN

Found on Hermit Island, Chattanooga River.

Theories as to Their Presence There—Their Mode of Living and the Manner of Their Capture.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 4.—The Columbus Enquirer-Sun of to-day prints in its news columns a remarkable story of the discovery on Hermit Island, in the Chattanooga river, two strange human beings, who are believed to have been fugitive slaves. Mr. E. C. Montague and the writer says the Enquirer-Sun took guns and went down in some woods opposite the island, squirrel shooting. After a brief rest we set out to explore the island. All around the island near the shore was a rocky cliff, with here and there a rough rock clinging in the crevices of the rocks, from whose branches hung the long white river moss. In the interior the surface sank into a low, flat land, covered with tall white oaks and occasional patches of low shrubbery. In these trees we found our game. One shot from my companion's gun brought a squirrel to the ground, immediately followed by two black, naked objects bearing the outward semblance of human beings, they ran, bent low, at almost lightning speed and disappeared over the little mound some three hundred feet from the shore. We then began to camp, collected our little band of half a dozen, with guns and dogs we captured the half starved naked savages. They retreated to their den under a protruding rock, and when surrounded by men and dogs surrendered, with no resistance. They fell upon their faces and whined piteously, as if to beg for mercy, but uttering no word that was intelligible. Indeed, no word from them has yet been understood except the word "dog," which they pronounce with distinctness. Their fear of the dog almost approaches madness. They converse to each other in a language which is not understood, but which is not a language of the South Sea Islands. They den was under a ledge of rock and was sheltered from wind and rain. No indication of fire was seen in or about the place. The only sign of habitation was a pile of straw, leaves and moss in the den, and bones of various animals scattered about. The men were perfectly naked, except a thin coat of hair, which nature has furnished since their banishment. They stand and walk half bent, as if creeping to their prey. The larger one of them is tall and muscular. He seems about forty-five or fifty years old. The other is small, thin and bony, and has a dejected look. He has three or four teeth in his mouth and both have grown long and hooked, so that they had no difficulty in tearing the flesh from a carcass. When their long and brawny arms they can feel a snake with a great accuracy as a rifleman shoots his rifle. There is but one theory as to why this barbarism exists on Hermit Island, and that is that the negroes, during the time of slavery, sought this as a place of refuge from their masters. That they never left the island since their first capture is almost certain, since they would not have been able to reach the mainland with fire and means to obtain food. But how did they get there? is a question unanswered. Certainly not as we did, for the fall is receding, and has been in contact with the tunnel only a few years, while these negroes have been on the island for at least a century. No effort was ever made by white men to reach the place. On account of its rocky and barren appearance it was not supposed to be habitable.

THE HAVANA RIOTS.

Employees of the Custom House Discharged for Alleged Frauds.

A Mad Populace Held in Check by Cannons and Carbines at Every Street Corner.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Mail advices from Havana dated the 27th ult. give the following version of the recent riotous demonstrations there: The most important event of the week was the unexpected visit of General Martin to the Custom house for the purpose of ascertaining the real cause of the considerable decrease observed in the proceeds following customs. The annual measure gave rise to some excitement in certain circles, but the General's action is highly commended by the business community. Scarcely anything is known by the public as to the extent of the frauds, but all the employees of the Custom house were discharged and new appointments made. On the subsequent day, despite the Governor-General's prohibition, a demonstration took place amid cheers for Spain, General Martin, and particularly General Salamanca. A second demonstration was to have taken place the following evening, but was prevented by the police and troops, previously distributed throughout the parks and principal streets. In view of this the Government issued a proclamation suggesting to the people to abstain from further demonstrations, and yet a third one was got up for Thursday last. A crowd assembled at the park numbering over two thousand, but the troops charged upon and dispersed them, wounding seven. At first these demonstrations were merely for the purpose of congratulating General Martin upon his severe measures against the employees of the Custom house. The rioters are demanding of the Government General Salamanca's appointment as Governor-General of the island.

SHERIFF MULVERNON'S FATE.

Confirmation of the Report That He Was Shot by the Tewksbury-Graham Outlaws.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—A Flagstaff (Arizona) special says: Reports received to-day reiterate the report that Sheriff Mulvernon, of Yavapai County, was shot in the encounter with the Tewksbury-Graham outlaws in Tonto Basin, about one hundred miles south of here. He died soon after the fight. Five of the deputy sheriffs with him were wounded in the same fight. Eleven of the outlaws are reported killed. Mulvernon and his posse left Prescott a week ago with warrants for the arrest of ten men who were implicated in the killing of three cow-boys. Three weeks ago a posse from here joined them on the road. Nothing has been heard from them directly until to-day. The rumors of yesterday were based on a report that the outlaws were now in circulation, and an armed posse has gone to the relief of the deputy sheriffs.

SETTLEMENT WITH THE UTES.

That Is, the Whites Have Adjusted the Trouble to Suit Themselves.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 2.—A special from Meeker, dated September 1, says that a conference between Governor Adams and General Crook resulted in Crook agreeing to place two companies of Government troops on the line between the Uintah Reservation and Colorado to keep the Utes out of Colorado. The Utes are to have their horses returned, and be paid out of the surplus of their own supply for such stock as has been lost. Governor Adams and party leave for Denver to-night, and General Crook starts for Omaha.

DECLARED BY DIPHTHERIA.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 2.—An epidemic of black diphtheria is raging at Lockport, Pa., a small town of two hundred inhabitants, situated on the Pennsylvania railroad, about sixty miles east of this city. Nearly half of the population are reported down with the disease, and thirteen deaths have occurred within the past five days. Recently an old invalid, which formed a part of the State Canal, was destroyed by dynamite at that point, leaving stagnant pools of water, which is believed caused the epidemic. The victims are seized with black vomit, and usually die in two or three days.

MINNESOTA'S WHEAT AND FLOUR.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 2.—The Evening Journal publishes to-day a statement of the wheat receipts and shipments at this market for the crop year ending August 31. The receipts are shown to have been 10,000,000 bushels, an increase over the previous year of 8,541,000 bushels. The shipments were 10,994,730 bushels. The flour product of Minnesota mills for the same period was 6,333,437 barrels, an increase of 867,736 barrels over the previous year.

HUNGRY BEARS IN WEST VIRGINIA.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 2.—A large number of bears have made their appearance on Campbell's creek, twenty miles from here, are doing a great deal of damage to the corn and other crops. In a number of cases they have entered the farmers' pig-pens and taken of the inmates. A party is being organized here, Senator Xenia being among them, for the purpose of giving battle to them.

EXPRESS AGENT ARRESTED.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 2.—Jesse Eugene Moravia, late agent of the National Express Company, at Glens Falls, N. Y., absconded Saturday, August 20, having stolen \$5,000 from the company. He was accompanied by Mrs. Mame Montgomery, nee Corbin, who is said to be the wife of a New Yorker. The couple have been arrested at Henderson, N. C., and will be taken back to New York.

ANOTHER EXCURSION TRAIN WRECKED.

PARSONS, Kan., Sept. 2.—An excursion train over the Kansas City and Pacific from Moran, Allen County, to this city, containing over eight hundred people, was derailed on its return trip between Erie and Moran last night. Several cars left the track, and a number of people were injured. One man, it is thought, will die of his injury.

SERVICE SECURED.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 2.—Services have been secured on the Toledo, Peoria and Western railroad by the sheriff of this county in cases thus far filed by claimants for death and injuries resulting from the Chatsworth wreck to the amount of \$140,000.

CHIEF OF POLICE FIRED.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 2.—Chief of Police Allen was removed from office today for neglecting to arrest a young man whom he was trying to arrest on the Belt railroad, a few days ago. Deputy Sheriff Howard was elected as his successor.

EARTHQUAKE IN ARIZONA.

TUCSON, Ariz., Sept. 2.—Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock a heavy earthquake shock was felt here, lasting several seconds. The oscillations were northwest to southeast.

ALE RAW PORK.

BERLIN, Sept. 2.—There has been an alarming outbreak of trichinosis in Brunswick. So far sixty persons have been afflicted, seven of whom have died.

THE PRESIDENT ACCEPTS AN INVITATION.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 2.—President Cleveland telegraphed to the courtesy of the Commercial Exchange, of this city, and will attend the reception tendered him by the Exchange on the morning of Friday, September 16.

SLOUCH WILL NOT BE THERE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—It is announced that General Slouch will not attend the National Encampment of the Grand Army at St. Louis this month. It is said that he is contending for the position of Grand Commander he will accept.

TALKING OF POSSIBLE WAR.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—It is stated that in an interview with the President of the Swiss Confederation, M. Rouvier, the French Premier, made a proposition relative to Swiss occupation of neutralized Savoy in the event of war between France and Italy.

RAVAGES OF TYPHOID.

REYNOLDS, Pa., Sept. 2.—Ten deaths from typhoid fever have occurred at Reynolds, and there are fifty cases of the disease in the place. The epidemic is attributed to foul wells.

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WANT LIKE FOR LIKE.

Threatening State of Affairs Between Whites and Blacks.

PITTSBURGH, Va., Aug. 31.—The city today is in a feverish state of excitement over a clash between the races. Last week a negro was fired and sent to jail for striking a white woman. On Friday Dr. Hinton, a prominent physician, struck a colored girl. He was arrested and the case continued to-day. The negroes demanded that the doctor receive the same punishment as that inflicted on the negro. A violent card, signed by prominent negroes, was published in the *Times*, appealing to the whites to stand by their rights. The negroes were arrested for libel. The excitement has become so intense that the mayor has ordered three companies of militia to hold themselves in readiness for any emergency. Great anxiety is felt over the result of to-day's decision.

FELL FIVE HUNDRED FEET.

Dreadful Death of an Indian Balloon Ascensionist.

PHILADELPHIA, Mo., Sept. 1.—At the Mercer County fair yesterday afternoon Randall Pickles, a half-breed Indian, made a balloon ascension hanging to a trapeze bar. In the ascent the balloon went up suddenly, giving Pickles a severe wrench and he was unable to pull himself up by a loop which he had drawn around his wrist. After traveling about a mile and a half, reaching the altitude of 2,000 feet, the balloon began to descend, but the poor fellow's strength gave out, and when within five hundred feet of the earth, his grip relaxed and he fell to the earth, lighting on his feet in a cornfield, his thighs being broken and driven into the trunk of his body. Death was instantaneous.

DIDN'T TAKE HER BEARINGS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Mary Ford, who arrived in this city yesterday, with her three children from Locust Valley, Cal., left them at a hotel in Jersey City and came to New York to see some friends. She could not find her acquaintance, and started back to Jersey City. Then she failed to find the hotel where she had left her children and her money. To-day she came to police headquarters and obtained the aid of the police in search for the children.

NO PLACE FOR CHINATOWN.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 1.—Chinatown, in this city, was completely burned out four weeks ago, and a new location was decided upon. The people gathered in such force at the site of the proposed new Chinatown this afternoon, and used such stormy language that the Chinese had to promise not to locate the Chinese there. It is expected that the Chinese will find great difficulty in securing any location in the city.

MEMORIAL TO CONFEDERATE DEAD.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The Secretary of War has approved the request of the Confederate Association at Chicago to erect a memorial to the Confederate dead buried in the Government lot in Oak Woods Cemetery, near that city, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Quartermaster General.

CHEAPER CABLE RATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The Commercial Cable Company, this morning issued a circular giving a reduction of cable rates. On and after September 15, 1887, the tariff will be twelve cents per word to Great Britain, Ireland and France, and fifteen cents per word to Germany.

SHOTS HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 1.—Tudor Joyce, a vegetable peddler, living on Old Avenue, fatally shot his wife and seriously wounded his daughter, aged eighteen years, this afternoon. Joyce had been drinking hard for several months.

CONFEDERATE REUNION AT MACON, GA.

MACON, Ga., Sept. 1.—Ex-President Jefferson Davis has accepted the invitation to attend the State Fair in Macon on October 20. On that day there will be a reunion of all the surviving ex-Confederate soldiers who can get there.

THE CRUISER'S TRIAL TRIP.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The *Tribune* says that the cruiser Boston made a satisfactory trial trip today. In a run of six hours she made fourteen and a half knots and her engines showed an indicated horsepower of 4,554, whereas she was only supposed to show 3,550.

HANGED AT MIDNIGHT.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 2.—Joseph Torrell, convicted and sentenced in Meigs County for the murder of old man Phillips, was hanged in the penitentiary at 1:30 this morning. About thirty persons witnessed the execution.

JAY-EYE-DOES A FAST MILE.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 1.—At Racine to-day five thousand people saw Jay-Eye-Do, trot one of the fastest miles ever made on a half-mile course. The first quarter was made in 30 seconds, half mile in 1:05, three-quarters in 1:40 and the mile in 2:15.

THINK IT SACRILEGE.

ALBANY, Cal., Sept. 1.—The authorities prohibited as sacrilegious the representation of Christ and the Virgin in a passion play, by the colored people, last night.

CONVICT CAMP HORRORS.

Prisoners Whipped and Shot to Death in Georgia. Life Wolves—An Official Indictment.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 31.—Governor Gordon received information to-day from Dodge County of a case of brutality to the convicts in Dodge County which had been unearthed by the Dodge County grand jury. At that camp, where fifty convicts worked, the superintendent's name is Bryant. One of the convicts was made to work by the fire. He complained of being sick, but with the lash Bryant compelled him to keep at work until at last the convict fell dead at his feet. The grand jury has indicted Bryant for murder, but he heard of it and has escaped into Alabama. The other convicts were equally badly treated. Another case was that of a negro who escaped from the camp. The managers supposed that he would make his escape by the railroad, and sent a guard to intercept him. The guard went to a cut below the station where there had been an old mill. After some time he heard the clanking of chains, and knew that the negro was coming. The negro came in sight and was shot dead. The guard said he halted the negro and he ran. This statement was controverted by the fact that every shot was fired into the negro's breast in front.

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FIRE-SCAPED PRISONERS.

MEXICO, Mo., Aug. 31.—The whole country east of Mexico was on fire yesterday. The farms of W. F. Reed and Earl Cunningham were swept by the flames—taking fences, haystacks and every thing coming in reach—and but for a cornfield which stopped the flames, thousands of acres would have burned. The loss is very heavy. The fire came from an engine on the Chicago & Alton. There has been no rain here since the 31 of July. Every thing is parched, and this being a great stock country, they are suffering terribly from the drought. The prospects for stockmen in this county are not flattering.

KILLED BY A FALLING SCAFFOLD.

WILLIAMSBURG, Pa., Aug. 31.—The scaffold at the new Catholic Church of the Annunciation of this city, gave way this morning and four men fell about sixty feet to the ground. Raphael Boka and Charles Marbet were killed. John Winner and Thomas Bailey were badly injured and have since died. A fifth man, who was on the scaffold, saved himself by grasping a window just as the timbers fell. The scaffolding was made of weak timbers.

CHATSORTH HORROR LITIGATION.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 31.—The first litigation growing out of the Chatsworth horror cropped out to-day in the shape of nineteen damage suits, aggregating \$177,500, which were begun in the circuit court. Ten are for \$5,000 each, all death cases. The others are for injuries, and demand various sums, reaching in one instance \$20,000.

B. AND O. EXPRESS CO. GOBBLED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—The B. and O. Express Company has been leased for thirty years to the U. S. Express Company. It is reported that a syndicate, with Drexel, Morgan & Co. at the head, will take the railroad and the Western Union the telephone.

ARMOUR'S ENTERPRISE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—Armour & Co. of this city, will build the largest grain elevator in the world, locating it on Goose Island, close to the Milwaukee and St. Paul railway tracks. Its capacity is to be 5,000,000 bushels.

COMMENCED YOUNG.

SACO, Me., Aug. 31.—Francis C. McNelly, a nineteen-year-old clerk in the Saco and Biddeford Savings Bank, has absconded with \$2,500 cash, and \$185,000 in U. S. registered four-per-cents, and \$91,000 in other bonds.

PIGS AND PERRY ACQUITTED.

MOREHEAD, Ky., Aug. 31.—The jury to-day declared Hyman Pigman and Ay Perry not guilty of the murder of Craig Tolliver, and the prisoners walked out of the courthouse free men once more.

CHOLERA.

ROME, Aug. 31.—There were fifteen new cases of cholera, and thirteen deaths reported in Catania to-day, and ten new cases and ten deaths in Palermo. Elsewhere the scourge is decreasing.

CHINAMAN KILLS A POLICEMAN.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—A Chinaman and a policeman assailed each other with pistols to-day, on Milwaukee avenue via duet, and the Chinaman killed his man. Chow Lam is the Chinaman's name. His weapon was one of the largest pattern made, a 45-caliber. The policeman's name is Phil Foote.

POSTAL CLERK KILLED.

JOLIET, Ill., Aug. 31.—H. S. Murridge, a postal clerk, fell from the car four miles west of here, and his brains were dashed out against the steps of the baggage car. His home was at Walton Junction, Ia.

APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The President to-day appointed S. S. Carlisle, of Louisiana, to be Minister resident and Consul General to Bolivia, and James C. Quigley, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul of the United States at Port Stanley and St. Thomas, Ont.

GENERAL MILLS' LEG BROKEN.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 31.—General Nelson A. Miles was thrown from a tally-ho coach near here last evening and had his right leg broken at the ankle. Several others sustained slight injuries by the same accident.

INAUGURATED.

A Famous Day in Frankfort, Kentucky's Capital.

General Simon Oliver Buckner Takes the Oath of Office as Governor.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 30.—The inauguration of General Simon B. Buckner as Governor of this commonwealth took place in the State-house yard, to-day, where a large stand had been erected, and a vast tier of seats arranged for the crowd. At least ten thousand people witnessed the inaugural ceremonies, and the cheers for both the new and the old Governors were ample and enthusiastic. General D. W. Lindsay, the Chief Marshal of Arrangements, conducted affairs with credit to himself, and every thing went off like clock-work.

Guns were fired from Arsenal Hill during the morning. At ten o'clock the procession began to get ready for the parade.

The military formed on St. Clair street. The hour for starting, eleven o'clock a. m., was indicated by the firing of the cannon at the Arsenal. The first division wheeled into column of platoons, right in front, and marched on and east on Broadway street. As soon as the second division was uncovered by the first, it fell into the rear of the first division, and was followed by the third division. The procession marched through the principal streets to Capital Square where it disbanded.

At 11:30 the Governor and Governor-elect were conducted to the stand by the committee of escort to the strains of martial music from the band. The seats on the stand were occupied by several scores of prominent citizens. Both the Kentucky Senators occupied prominent places. At twelve o'clock the ceremonies were opened with prayer by Bishop Penick, of St. Andrew's church, of Louisville.

Then Governor Knott came forward, amid much applause, to speak his valedictory. He expressed his gratitude to the large assembly and to his distinguished successor. He reviewed General Buckner's term and commended him to the State. He recited the difficulties of the office that General Buckner was about to accept, and asked the public to give his acts an impartial consideration.

He then referred to the address he felt at the lamented absence of his great-hearted and noble predecessor, Governor Blackburn, who is lying at the point of death. He said that although it had been the custom of retiring Governors to review their terms of service, he had nothing to say on the subject. He had simply endeavored to discharge his duty as best he could. He here testified, however, to the nobility and energy with which his associates in the Administration had discharged their duties. He returned his thanks to all who had helped him, and to the commonwealth, and himself. He said that he was proud to have been a part of the administration of the State, and that he was proud to have been a part of the administration of the State.

After more music a short welcome address to the new Governor was delivered by Mayor Edward H. Taylor, Jr., and Governor Buckner was presented.

Chief Magistrate was received with enthusiasm, and stepped forward and delivered the following inaugural:

"When I review the long line of distinguished citizens who have filled with signal ability the office of Governor of this State, it is with a sense of duty that I enter upon the discharge of the duties to which I have been called by the people of Kentucky. Grateful for the confidence they have reposed in me, and actuated by a sense of duty, I desire to bring to the discharge of these duties a purpose to merit, as far as possible, the generous expectations of the citizens and the confidence of the State, as far as her Chief Executive can do, the interests of the people. The duties of the office will be arduous under the simplest form of Government; they are doubly so under the complicated system under which we live.

Kentucky, the first-born of the Constitution, has been foremost in advocating the rights of the people to the National Government, and the blood of her children has ennobled every battle-field from the lakes to the Gulf, and from Canada to the plains and mountains of Mexico, in maintaining the just powers of government, and in promoting the independence, prosperity and greatness of the United States. Her past history is a pledge of her future devotion both to the cause of the people and to the Government they have established for themselves.

In the difficult and various duties which devolve upon me to perform, I will endeavor to maintain the confidence of the people, and to do so, I may arise, and act, to the best of my judgment, in the interests of the people, ever bearing in mind the fundamental principles of our Government—that office is a public trust to be exercised in the interest of the people, and with established laws, and that the chief duty of the Executive is to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed."

I desire to return to the citizens of Frankfort my sincere thanks for the kind welcome they have given me to-day, and to assure them that I hope to convince them during my residence among them of my appreciation of the kindly greeting they have extended to me. I am prepared, Mr. Chief Justice Pryor, as a preliminary to entering upon the discharge of the duties of Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, to take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution.

After the address Chief Justice W. T. Pryor stepped forward with the General Statutes in hand and administered the oath of office to Governor Buckner.

A series of complimentary resolutions from the citizens of Frankfort were then presented to the retiring Governor with a neat little speech from Judge Alvin Duvall.

After more music a benediction was pronounced by Elder P. S. Falk, of the Christian Church, and the large concourse of people dispersed.

The inauguration wound up with a grand ball to-night at the Capitol Hotel. Many of the handsomest women in Kentucky were present, and the costumes were notable for style and elegance. Bolivar, Betty and the baby were all on hand. The Old Lady of the Lily sat a rattling Virginia reel all over the waxed floor.

The Cabinet of Governor Buckner is announced as follows: Ex-Congressman Matt Adams, Secretary of State; Willie Ringo, of Hickman, Assistant Secretary of State; and Samuel E. Hill, of Ohio County, Adjutant General. Win Griffith, city editor of the *Owensboro Journal*, will be the Governor's private secretary. It is understood that John E. Davis, of Shelby County, will be re-appointed Commissioner of Agriculture.

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